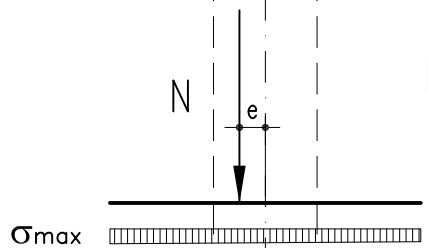
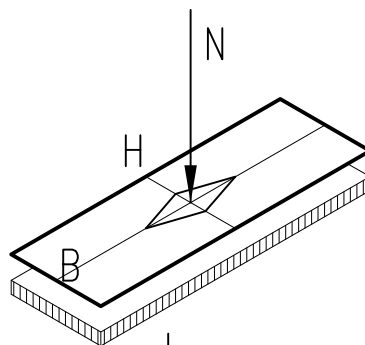
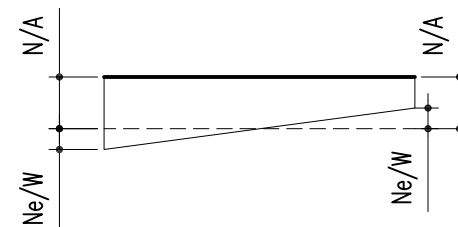
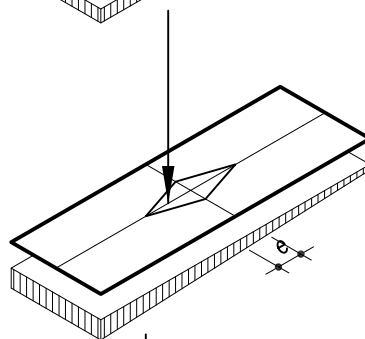


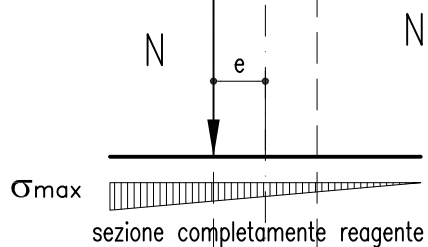
N centrato
rettangolare



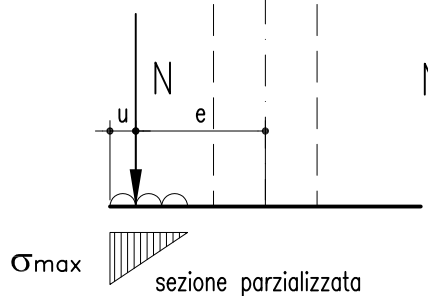
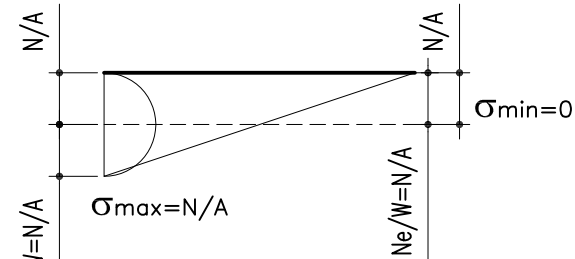
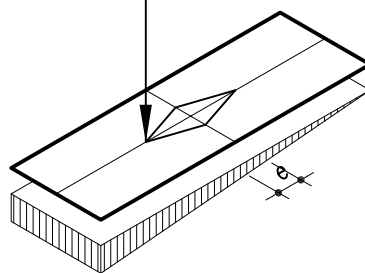
N interno al nocciolo
 $e < H/6$
trapezoido



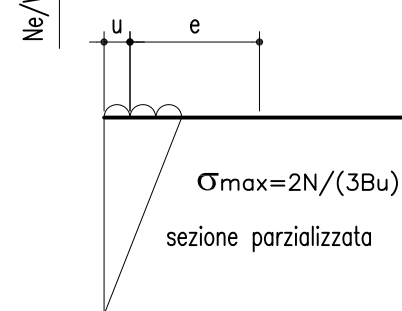
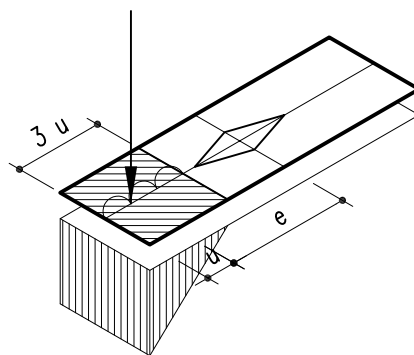
sezione completamente reagente



N al limite del nocciolo
 $e = H/6$
triangolare

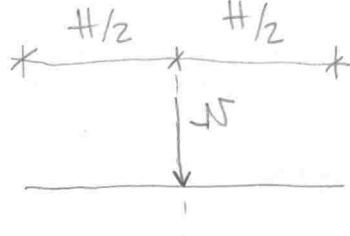


N esterno al nocciolo
 $e > H/6$
triangolare sezione parzializzata

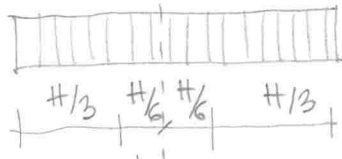


sezione parzializzata

SEZIONE COMPLETAMENTE RETTANGOLARE



N CENTRATO
 $\sigma = \text{cost} = \sigma_{MED}$
 $= \frac{N}{BH}$



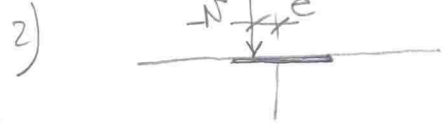
σ_{MED} [RETTANGO]

FORMULA GENERALE
 PRESSOFLESSIONE SEZ. RETT.
 MATERIALE NON RESISTENTE
 A TRAZIONE (F. NAVIER $\frac{M}{W}$)

$$\sigma_{MIN} = \frac{N}{BH} - \frac{Ne}{\frac{BH^3}{12}} = \frac{N}{BH} - \frac{Ne}{I}$$

$$\sigma_{MAX} = \frac{N}{BH} + \frac{Ne}{I}$$

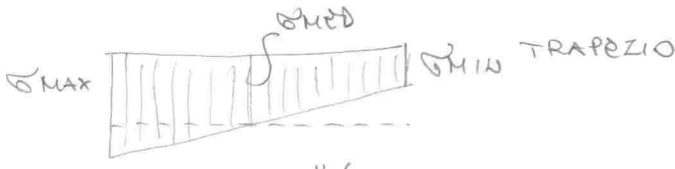
SEZIONE COMPLETAMENTE RETTANGOLARE



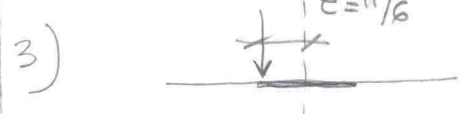
N INTERNO AL NOCCIOLO $e < H/6$

$$\sigma_{MAX} = \frac{N}{BH} \left[1 + \frac{e}{H} \right]$$

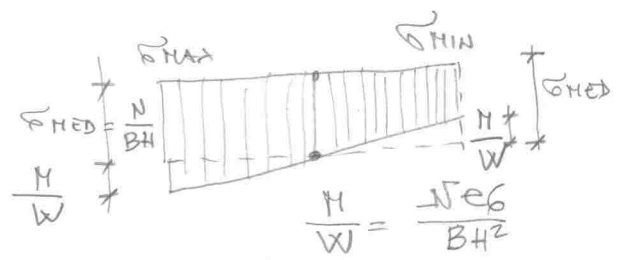
$$\sigma_{MIN} = \frac{N}{BH} \left[1 - \frac{e}{H} \right]$$



e = ECCENTRICITA' DELO SFORZO N
 RISPETTO AL BARICENTRO G

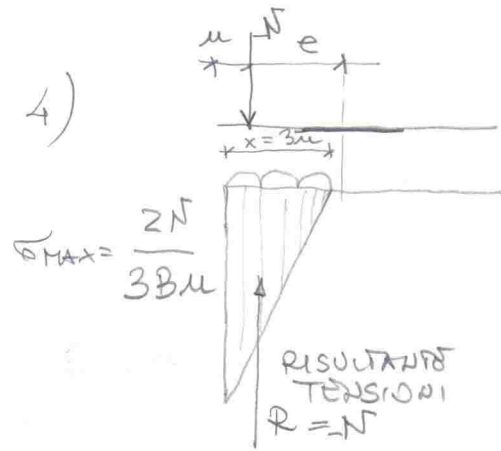


N SUL NOCCIOLO



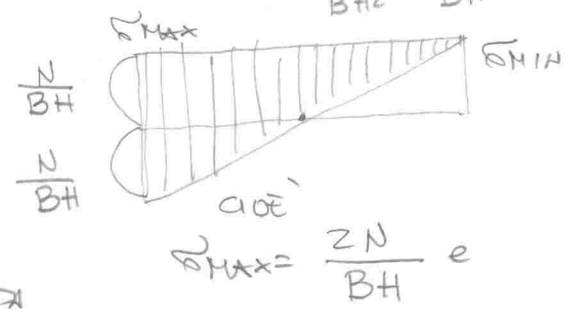
TRIANGOLO ESPRESO ALL'INTERA SEZIONE

AL CRESCERE DI $\frac{Ne}{BH^2}$
 IL TRAPEZIO DIVIENE UN TRIANGOLO
 QUANDO $\frac{Ne}{BH^2} = \frac{N}{BH}$



N ESTERNO AL NOCCIOLO

TRIANGOLO ESPRESO A UNA PARTE DELLA SEZIONE, CHE SI DICE PARZIALIZZATA

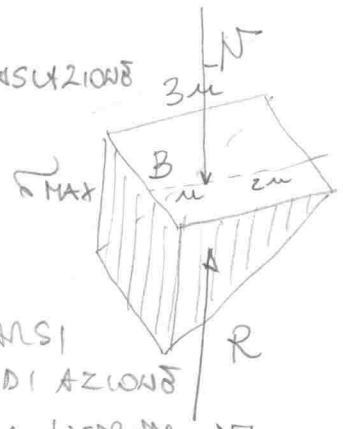


PARZIALIZZATA

AU'EQUILIBRIO AU'ALASUZIONI

$$N = R = \frac{\sigma_{MAX} 3\mu B}{2}$$

$$\sigma_{MAX} = \frac{2N}{3B\mu}$$



R E N DEVONO TROVARSI SULLA STESSA RETTA DI AZIONE
 -> SE N DISTA mu DAU'ESPERTO DEL TRIANGOLO DELLE TENSIONI SI TROVA A 2mu DAL VERTICE (R PASSA PER IL BARICENTRO DEL TRIANGOLO DELLE TENSIONI)

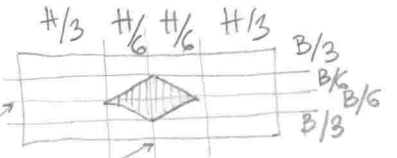
$$\sigma_{MIN} = 0$$

IN QUESTO CASO

$$\sigma_{MIN} = \frac{N}{BH} \left[1 - \frac{6e}{H} \right] = 0$$

$$\rightarrow 1 = \frac{6e}{H} \quad e_{MAX} = \frac{H}{6}$$

AOE' QUANDO $e = \frac{H}{6}$ IL TRAPEZIO DA TRAPEZIO DIVIENE RETTANGOLARE



TERZO "MEDIO" I LATI B ED H SI DIVIDONO IN TRE PARTI UGUALI. LA ZONA CENTRALE SI DICE TERZO "MEDIO" IL ROMBO DI SENI DIAGONALI B/3 E H/3 E' IL NOCCIOLO